

Water and Wastewater Chemical Feed Applications and Process Control



SDS

AWT

FeCl₃

Mg/L

VICI

Specific Gravity

Certificate of Analysis

Maryland Center for Environmental Training

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Part 2 Math Review



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Math Review

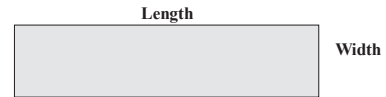
Formulas we will cover:

Math Review

- Area and Volume
- Flows (converting)
- Pounds Formula
- Chlorine Dosage

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Math Review

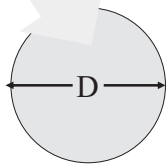


- AREA of a **Square or Rectangle** tank
 - Length x Width = **Square feet**

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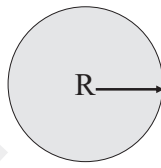
Math Review

I like to use this one



$$0.785 \times D^2$$

Remember this stuff



$$3.14 \times R^2$$

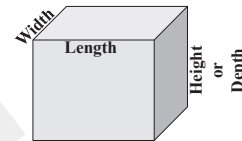
Area (Circle) 2 Ways

Post Test

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Math Review

Remember this stuff



- VOLUME **Square or Rectangular** tank
 - Length x Width x Height = **Cubic feet**
 - How do you convert Cubic feet to Gallons?

Cubic feet x 7.48

Remember
7.48 gallons per
Cubic Foot

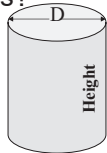
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Math Review

using **Diameter**

- VOLUME of a Circular tank
 - $0.785 \times D^2 \times H = \text{Cubic feet}$
 - Now convert to Gallons?

Cubic feet x 7.48



Post Test

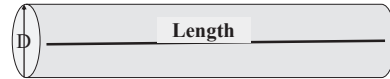
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Math Review

using **Diameter**

- VOLUME of a Pipe Segment
 - $0.785 \times D^2 \times \text{Length} = \text{Cubic feet}$
 - Now convert to Gallons?

Cubic feet x 7.48



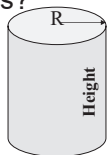
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Math Review

using **Radius**

- VOLUME of a Circular tank
 - $3.14 \times R^2 \times H = \text{Cubic feet}$
 - Now convert to Gallons?

Cubic feet x 7.48



Post Test

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Math Review

CONVERTING FLOWS

- gpd
- gpm
- MGD

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Math Review

Convert 300,000 gpd

$$\frac{300,000 \text{ gpd}}{1,000,000} = \text{ } \text{MGD}$$

$$\frac{300,000 \text{ gpd}}{1440 \text{ minutes/day}} = \text{ } \text{gpm}$$

Post Test

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Math Review

Convert 300 gpm

$$300 \text{ gpm} \times 1440 = \text{ } \text{gpd}$$

$$\frac{300 \text{ gpm}}{694 \text{ gpm/MGD}} = \text{ } \text{MGD}$$

Post Test

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Math Review

Convert 2 MGD

$$2 \text{ MGD} \times 1,000,000 = \text{ } \text{ gpd}$$

$$2 \text{ MGD} \times 694 \text{ gpm/MGD} = \text{ } \text{ gpm}$$

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Math Review

POUNDS FORMULA

- Pounds/day (ppd)
- $\text{ppd} = \text{mg/L} \times 8.34 \times \text{MGD}$

MGD for flow rates

or

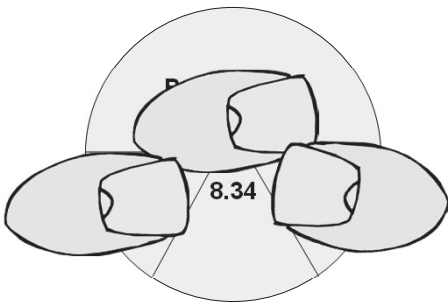
$$\text{Pounds} = \text{mg/L} \times 8.34 \times \text{MG}$$

MG for tankage and pipes

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Math Review

• POUNDS FORMULA



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Math Review

CALCULATE ppd

If
 $\text{mg/L} = 10$
 $\text{MGD} = 1$

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Math Review

$$\text{ppd} = 10 \text{ mg/L} \times 8.34 \times 1 \text{ MGD} = \text{ }$$



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Math Review

CALCULATE mg/L

If
 $\text{ppd} = 83.4$
 $\text{MGD} = 1$

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Math Review

$$\text{mg/L} = \frac{83.4 \text{ ppd}}{8.34 \times 1 \text{ MGD}} = \text{mg/L}$$

Remember this stuff

Post Test

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Math Review

CALCULATE MGD

If

ppd = 83.4

mg/L = 10

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Math Review

$$\text{MGD} = \frac{83.4 \text{ ppd}}{10 \text{ mg/L} \times 8.34} = \text{MGD}$$

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Math Review

CHLORINE DOSAGE

- **DOSAGE:** TOTAL amount delivered
- **demand:** what's in the water that consumes the chlorine
- **residual:** what's left over

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Math Review

DOSAGE

demand

residual

Remember small boxes = Big Box

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Math Review

CALCULATE CHLORINE DOSAGE

If

demand = 1.0 mg/L

residual = 0.5 mg/L

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Math Review

Write the down the Demand and Residual

DOSAGE

DOSAGE = _____

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Math Review

CALCULATE CHLORINE demand

If

DOSAGE = 1.5 mg/L

residual = 0.5 mg/L

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Math Review

Write the down the DOSE and Residual

demand

demand = _____

Remember this stuff

Post Test

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Math Review

CALCULATE CHLORINE residual

If

DOSAGE = 2.5 mg/L

demand = 0.5 mg/L

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Math Review

Write the down the DOSE and Demand

residual

residual = _____

Remember this stuff

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Calculate Chemical Dosages



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Calculate Chemical Dosages

Formulas we will cover:

- Chemical Feed
 - Dry Products 100% available
 - Dry Products < 100% available
 - Liquids calculating ppg of available compound or element

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Calculate Chemical Dosages

DRY PRODUCTS

100% Available by weight

**If a product is 98 or 99% available
OK to assume 100%**

- **Example:**
CHLORINE GAS

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Calculate Chemical Dosages

DRY PRODUCTS

100% Available by weight

- **Assume:**
10 mg/L Dosage
flow of 1 MGD

$$10 \text{ mg/L} \times 8.34 \times 1 \text{ MGD} = \text{[REDACTED]}$$

Pounds Required = pounds added when product is 100% available

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Calculate Chemical Dosages

DRY PRODUCTS Less Than

100% available by weight

- **CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE (65%)**
65% available chlorine (Cl₂)

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Calculate Chemical Dosages

CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE (65%)

- **Step 1:**
– **Calculate based on 100% Cl₂**

$$10 \text{ mg/L} \times 8.34 \times 1 \text{ MGD} = 83.4 \text{ ppd of Cl}_2$$

83.4 pounds of Cl₂ required

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Calculate Chemical Dosages

CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE (65%)

- **Step 2**
– **DIVIDE ppd of Cl₂ by % (in decimal)**

$$\frac{83.4 \text{ ppd Cl}_2}{0.65} = \text{[REDACTED]} \text{ ppd}$$

- [REDACTED]
- [REDACTED]

128.3 ppd of calcium hypochlorite 65% is necessary to provide 83.4 ppd of Cl₂

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Calculate Chemical Dosages
LIQUID PRODUCTS

- **Best way to set up dosages for liquid products.**
 - Is to first calculate ppg of what you are dosing

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Calculate Chemical Dosages
LIQUID PRODUCTS

- **What is Specific Gravity?**
 - Ratio of the density of a Liquid to Water (or a gas to air)
 - Water has a Specific Gravity of 1.0
 - Remember Water Weighs [] ppg

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Calculate Chemical Dosages
LIQUID PRODUCTS

- Liquid (X) has a Specific Gravity of 1.2
- Liquid (X) Weighs []

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Calculate Chemical Dosages
Pounds per Gallon (ppg) Example:

12.5% Sodium Hypochlorite has a sg of 1.2

So, 12.5% Sodium Hypochlorite Weighs [] ppg

12.5% Available Chlorine [] ppg as Cl₂

Remember this stuff

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Calculate Chemical Dosages
LIQUID PRODUCTS

1) Calculate the pounds per day (ppd) required

• Examples:

– 100 ppd of chlorine

– 100 ppd of Alum

– 100 ppd of Fe

OK now let's start from the beginning?

$2.4 \text{ mg/L Fe (dose)} \times 8.34 \times 5 \text{ MGD} = 100 \text{ ppd}$

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Calculate Chemical Dosages
LIQUID PRODUCTS

2) calculate pounds per gallon (ppg) of what you are dosing (ppg FeCl₃)

• A) total ppg (8.34 x sg of the liquid)

• B) % by weight of what you are dosing

• C) ppg of what you are dosing

39% FeCl₃ has a specific gravity (sg) of 1.26

$8.34 \text{ ppg of water} \times 1.26 = 10.5 \text{ ppg}$

$10.5 \text{ ppg of product} \times 0.39 \text{ (39\%)} =$

$4.10 \text{ ppg of FeCl}_3$

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Calculate Chemical Dosages

- So now we know the pounds per gallon (ppg) of FeCl₃ in 39% liquid Ferric Chloride.
- Sometimes that will be what you will need to calculate your dosage
- Other times you may need to calculate pounds per gallon (ppg) of Iron (Fe)

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Calculate % of Fe in FeCl₃

- 3) Calculate % of Iron in Ferric Chloride
 – If the Atomic Weight of Fe is 56 and the Atomic Weight of Cl is 35 Calculate the percent of Iron in FeCl₃

Find % of Fe in FeCl₃

Fe Cl₃

Let's do the math

$$56 + (35 \times 3) = 161 \text{ Total Atomic Weight}$$

$$56 \text{ Fe} / 161 \text{ Total} =$$

% Fe

Post Test

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Calculate Chemical Dosages LIQUID PRODUCTS

- 4) calculate pounds per gallon (ppg) of what you are dosing (ppg Fe)

- A) total ppg (8.34 x sg of the liquid)
- B) % by weight of what you are dosing
- C) ppg of what you are dosing

$$\begin{aligned} &10.5 \text{ ppg } 39\% \text{ FeCl}_3 \\ &\times 0.39 \text{ (39\% FeCl}_3\text{)} \\ &\times 0.348 \text{ \% Fe in FeCl}_3 \\ &1.43 \text{ ppg Fe} \end{aligned}$$

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Calculate Chemical Dosages LIQUID PRODUCTS

- 5) Divide ppg required by ppg available

$$100 \text{ ppg Fe required} / 1.43 \text{ ppg Fe} = 69.9 \text{ gpd of } 39\% \text{ FeCl}_3 \text{ (required)}$$

- 6) Set Chemical Feed Pump for gpd or gph rate

Set Chemical Feed Pump for 70 gpd or 2.9 gph

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Calculate Chemical Dosages LIQUID PRODUCTS

Let's practice a little more:

- Product X is 100% available by weight
- Product X has a specific gravity of 1.37

Great
Next step is to calculate
ppd required

OK Now Calculate
Pounds per gallon (ppg)
of Product

$$\text{ppg of product} = 11.4$$

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Calculate Chemical Dosages LIQUID PRODUCTS

Product X is 100% available by weight

- Recommended dosage is 6 mg/L of product
- Flow is 2 MGD

OK Great
Now what
do we do?

OK Now Calculate Pounds
Per Day (ppd) required

$$\text{ppd} = 2 \text{ MGD} \times 8.34 \times 6 \text{ mg/L}$$

$$\text{ppd of product required} = 100$$

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Calculate Chemical Dosages LIQUID PRODUCTS

Product X is 100% available by weight

- We calculated 100 ppd of product is required
- Product weighs 11.4 ppg

OK tell me the
gpd feed rate?

$$\text{gpd feed rate} = 100 \text{ ppd} / 11.4 \text{ ppg}$$

Great now set
the chemical
feed pump to 9 gpd.

$$\text{gpd feed rate} = 8.77$$

say 9 gpd feed rate

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Calculate Chemical Dosages LIQUID PRODUCTS

- **Hydrogen Peroxide**
- Product is 50% H₂O₂ (Hydrogen Peroxide) by weight
- Product weighs 10 ppg
- How many ppg of pure H₂O₂?

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Great now let's figure out
how many ppd of H₂O₂
are require?

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Calculate Chemical Dosages

50% Hydrogen Peroxide

- H₂O₂ Dosage (pure) for Odor Control is 10 mg/L
- Flow is 5 mgd

OK now let's calculate
ppd of H₂O₂
required?

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Calculate Chemical Dosages

50% Hydrogen Peroxide

- Calculate H₂O₂ (pure) Dosage
10 mg/L x 8.34 x 5 mgd = ppd
- Calculate gpd of 50% H₂O₂
417 ppd H₂O₂ / 5 ppg
= gpd of 50% H₂O₂

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Typical Compound Question Convert Flow then use Pounds Formula

What would be the expected chlorine residual of a water under the following condition?

- Flow rate is **2,000 gpm** (continuous)
- Chlorine demand of the water is **1.9 mg/l**
- The amount of chlorine fed is **100 pounds per day** of chlorine

Post Test

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Typical Compound Question Convert Flow then use Pounds Formula

Step No. 1 Convert 2,000 gpm to flow in MGD.

$$2,000 \text{ gpm} / \text{ } \text{ gpm/MGD} = \text{ } \text{ MGD}$$

Step No. 2 Use Pounds Formula for mg/L Dose

$$100 \text{ ppd} / (8.34 \times \text{ } \text{ MGD}) = \text{ } \text{ mg/L}$$

Step No. 3 Calculate Chlorine Residual

$$\text{ } \text{ mg/L Dose} - 1.9 \text{ Demand} = \text{ } \text{ mg/L Residual}$$

Post Test

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